

Terrace Quilting



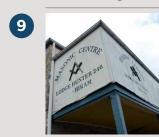
King Street Confectionery

- 3 Agricultural Hotel
- 4 Salvos Centre
- 5 Family Cottage



Hunter Riverbank

- 7 Steam Ship Inn
- Richardson Scully Brick Building

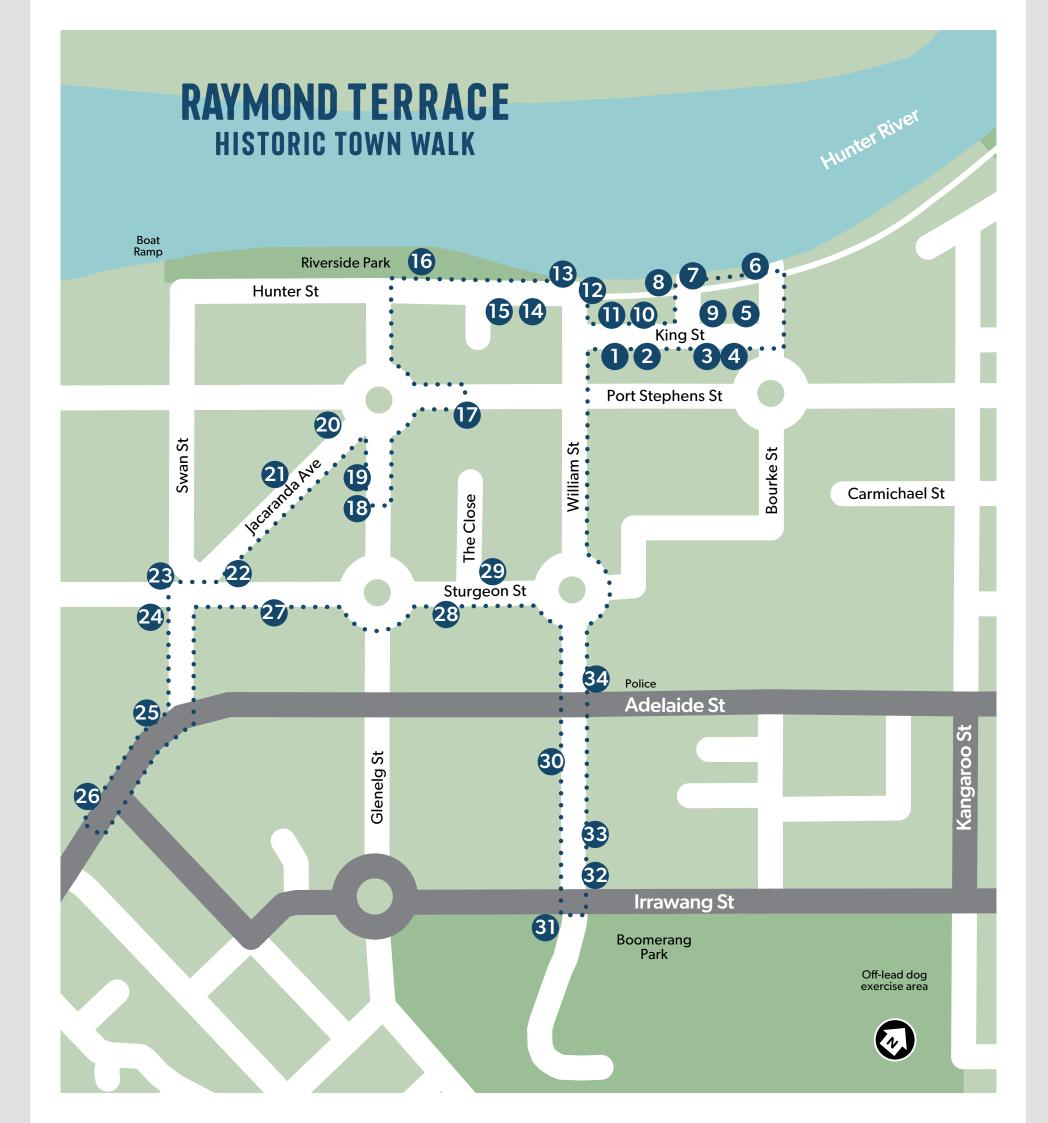


Masonic Lodge



The Marriage Trees

- Raymond Terrace Examiner
- 12 King's Terrace
- Raymond Terrace Punt





The Junction Inn Hotel





Colonel Paterson's Landing Site



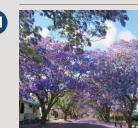
Fry Bros Building & Stone Cottage







War Memorial



Jacaranda Avenue



The Rectory



Slade House







Sketchley Pioneer Cottage



St John the Evangelist Church







31



Boomerang Park





Catholic Presbytery

4 Court House

RAYMOND TERRACE HISTORIC TOWN WALK

KING STREET

King Street was the original main business street until the great 1955 flood, this is when the CBD was moved to William Street on higher ground.

- 21 King Street. Terrace Quilting was the original site of the Raymond Terrace and Lower Hunter Examiner established 1893.
- 2 15 King Street. King Street Confectionery established in 2015 after refurbishing an old shop using recycled materials in an old fashioned style.
- **7 King Street.** Agricultural Hotel built 1885. The top storey was lowered to ground level in the early 20th century after it became a private residence.
- 1 King Street. The Salvos Centre was the site of the Cosmopolitan Hotel, later becoming a boarding house which then burnt down.
- **2 King Street.** This green cottage has remained in the same family since the early 1950s, built mid 1800s and has survived many floods.
- Hunter Riverbank. The river frontage contained a public wharf, bond store, produce store, hotel, tannery and many smaller buildings. The levee bank was built in 1962. Behind vacant block No 8, was the site of the steam mill, originally a flour mill then converted to timber mill which provided much of the material to build the town. It was also used as Council Chambers for a number of years.
- Site of the Steam Ship Inn. The first hotel in King Street, adjacent to the public wharves. It was destroyed by fire in 1970.
- Richardson Scully brick building c1854. The only remaining building in King Street facing the river. In 1969 the University of Newcastle Rowing Club purchased it, then sold it to PS Council in 2004. It was then privately purchased in 2016 by locals planning to bring it back to life.
- 9 14 King Street. Built in 1847, this is the oldest building in the street and has had many uses auction house for weekly produce markets, then the Masonic Lodge from 1920-2013 and is now privately owned.
- The Marriage Trees. Reputed to be used for wedding ceremonies in the absence of churches prior to 1840s.
- **26 King Street.** The site of the Raymond Terrace Examiner from 1901-1919 until it moved to William Street.
- King's Terrace. Built in 2008 to complement the original streetscape of the shops at the corner/end of King Street.

HUNTER STREET

- Raymond Terrace Punt. The punt provided transport from the end of William Street across the river to Millers Forest until the Fitzgerald Bridge was opened in 1965.
- The Junction Inn Hotel. Licensed 1836 it is the second oldest continually licenced premises in NSW.
- 7 Hunter Street. Cadell Cottage built 1845 by Dr James Cadell who operated a surgery from a room at the rear of the cottage. His medicine cabinet is held in Sketchley Cottage. He worked in Raymond Terrace as a doctor for 40 years. He had 11 children followed by 4 more with his second wife.
- Colonel Paterson's Landing Site. A plaque marks where Col Paterson spent the night in 1801 when exploring the Hunter River upstream.

PORT STEPHENS STREET

61 & 63 Port Stephens Street. Fry Bros Building and stone cottage next door. The Post Office (built in 1880, with a 2nd storey added early 1900s) is an imposing building like many throughout country towns. The roofline of the adjoining stone cottage (c1845) shows Colonial period. Both buildings are in use today by businesses.

GLENELG STREET

- **6 Glenelg Street.** Believed to be the oldest residence in the Terrace. Originally built as an Anglican rectory.
- Muree Stone Church Hall. St. John's Parish Hall was built in 1841 then the stone structure was built around the slab timber structure by 1844, now consulting rooms.

JACARANDA AVENUE

- War Memorial. The memorials erected in 1925 are for locals who fought in the Boer War, WWI, WWII, the Korean, Malaysian and Vietnam Wars.
- Jacaranda Avenue. This street was originally named Stockton Street, being part of the early route to and from Stockton. Clem Bambach raised seedlings from a pod in 1945, then Council planted the Jacaranda trees that stand today. The glorious purple flowers bloom early to mid-November.
- The Rectory. Built c1844 for St. Johns Church of locally quarried Muree sandstone. Servants quarters were located at the rear. Three Norfolk Pines were planted in 1850, one is transformed into Australia's tallest Christmas tree in December each year. Now owned by the Raymond Terrace Bowling Club for functions and accommodation.

SWAN STREET

- Slade House. Built in 1890. A good example of Victorian architecture. The verandas, iron lace and chimneys are typical of the Victorian Era.
- Swan Street Brick Headmasters House. Built in c1905.
- Raymond Terrace Public School. Established 1858. The present school building was built in 1883.
- 1 Sketchley Street. Sketchley Pioneer built c1840 was moved to its present site in 1977. It is believed to be the last remaining construction of this timber slab type in the region. Although the building is basic, some very large families grew up in houses of this style. It now houses part of the museum collection of the Raymond Terrace & District Historical Society.

STURGEON STREET

- St John the Evangelist Church. Built of local Muree stone and consecrated c1862. The church contains the bell of the "Creus" wrecked off Norah Head in 1835.
- **35 Sturgeon Street.** This stone dwelling was built in 1862 as a private residence. It is now the headquarters for the Federal MP for Paterson.
- 28 Sturgeon Street. Built of Muree sandstone c1865 this building aesthetically represents the Victorian Georgian architectural style and building techniques used in Raymond Terrace.

WILLIAM STREET

- **Uniting Church.** Established 1839. The wooden hall was built in 1877 and replaced the earlier structure. The Church foundation stone was laid in February 1921.
- Boomerang Park. Set aside as a public reserve when the town was first surveyed in 1836. Known as Quarry Hill, it was renamed Boomerang Park in 1914, after a local businessman and author J.R.Houlding who wrote under the non de plume of "Old Boomerang". Many local stone buildings are built of Muree stone quarried from this hill. The Pioneer Hill Cemetery is also located here.
- **St. Brigid's Catholic Church.** Originally opened in 1862 with small additions added in 1893.
- 1891 Brick Catholic Presbytery. Veranda roof replaced 1901.
- **Court House.** Built in 1841 and still in use today after extensive renovations were made in 2015 to meet modern needs.

For more information or to access the online map please visit www.sketchleycottage.org.au

RAYMOND TERRACE HISTORIC TOWN WAL





Raymond Terrace Historic Town Walk

The historic river town of Raymond Terrace gazetted in 1837, is rich in both history and natural beauty. Surrounded by fertile farmland and strategically located at the junction of the Williams and Hunter Rivers. Raymond Terrace began life as a graziers property where wheat, wine and wool would be shipped on the bustling river to trading ports. The stunning mid 19th century architecture, boasting iron lacework verandahs with filigree and ornamental pillars, maintains the charming country town atmosphere and is best experienced through the Historic Walk Guide.





